

Configuring Weblogic Server
Oracle Banking Payments

Release 14.7.0.0.0

Part No. F74675-01

[August 2024]



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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this Document

The purpose of this document is to explain the steps required for Configuration and applying best practices in cluster mode for

- Weblogic Version 12.2.1.4.0
- JDK 1.8.0_241

1.2 WebLogic Server Overview

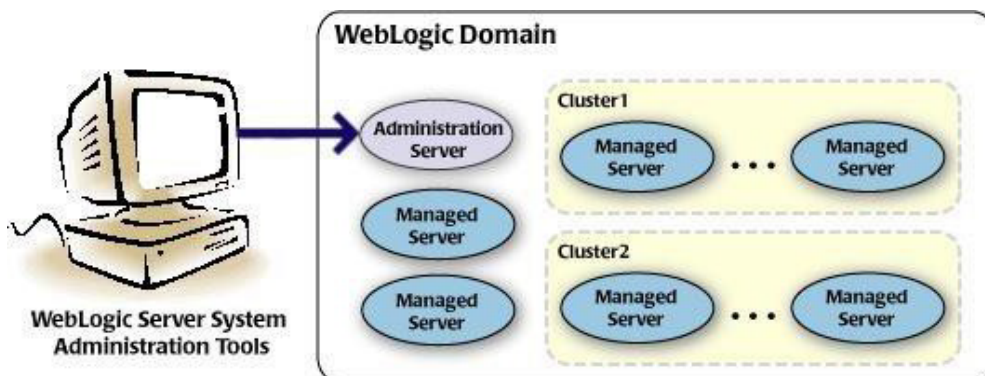
This section of the document provides brief explanation on the main components involved in WebLogic server

Domain

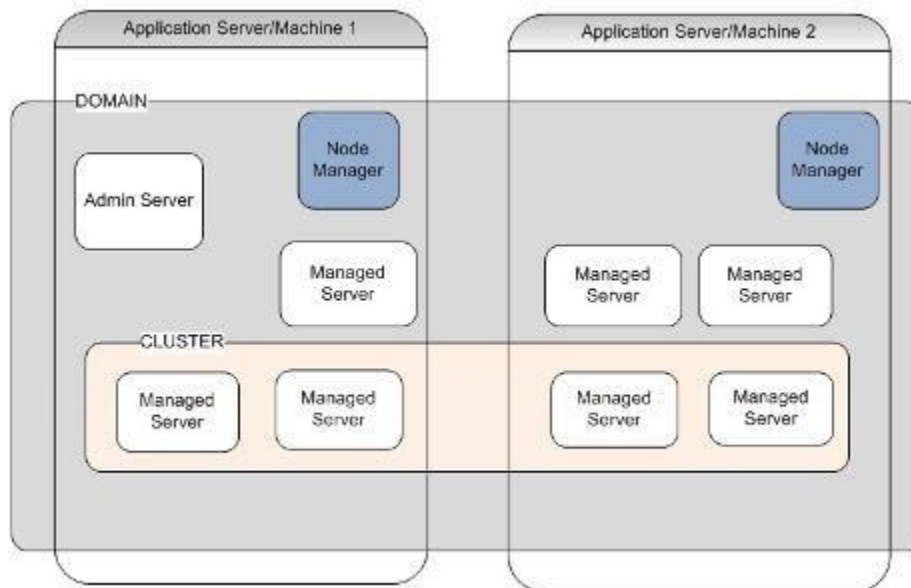
A domain is the basic administration unit for WebLogic Server instances. A domain consists of one or more WebLogic Server instances (and their associated resources) that is managed with a single Administration Server. Multiple domains can be defined based on different system administrators' responsibilities, application boundaries, or geographical locations of servers. Conversely, a single domain can be used to centralize all WebLogic Server administration activities.

Each WebLogic Server domain must have one server instance that acts as the Administration Server. Administration Server can be used via the Administration Console or using the command line for configuring all other server instances and resources in the domain.

WebLogic Domain Structure



Weblogic 12c Domain Overview



Administration Server

A domain includes one WebLogic Server instance that is configured as an Administration Server. All changes to configuration and deployment of applications are done through the Administration Server. The Administration Server provides a central point for managing the domain and providing access to the WebLogic Server administration tools.

These tools include the following:

- WebLogic Server Administration Console: Graphical user interface to the Administration Server.
- WebLogic Server Node Manager: A Java program that lets you start and stop server instances - both Administration Servers and Managed Servers - remotely, and to monitor and automatically restart them after an unexpected failure.

Admin server start mode needs to be configured as Production Mode.

Managed Server

In a domain, server instances other than the Administration Server are referred to as Managed Servers. Managed servers host the components and associated resources that constitute your applications—for example, JSPs and EJBs.

When a Managed Server starts up, it connects to the domain's Administration Server to obtain configuration and deployment settings. In a domain with only a single WebLogic Server instance, that single server works as both the administration server and managed server.

Node Manager

The Managed Servers in a production WebLogic Server environment are often distributed across multiple machines and geographic locations.

Node Manager is a Java utility that runs as separate process from WebLogic Server and allows you to perform common operations tasks for a Managed Server, regardless of its location with respect to its Administration Server. While use of Node Manager is optional, it provides valuable benefits if your WebLogic Server environment hosts applications with high availability requirements.

If you run Node Manager on a machine that hosts Managed Servers, you can start and stop the Managed Servers remotely using the Administration Console or from the command line. Node Manager can also automatically restart a Managed Server after an unexpected failure.

Machine

A machine in the Weblogic Serve context is the logical representation of the computer that hosts one or more Weblogic Server instances(servers). The Admin Server uses the machine definitions to start remote servers through the Node Managers that run on those servers. A machine could be a physical or virtual server that hosts an Admin or Managed Server that belongs to a domain.

Managed Server Cluster

Two or more Managed Servers can be configured as a WebLogic Server cluster to increase application scalability and availability. In a WebLogic Server cluster, most resources and services are deployed to each Managed Server (as opposed to a single Managed Server,) enabling failover and load balancing.

The servers within a cluster can either run on the same machine or reside in different machines. To the client, a cluster appears as a single WebLogic Server instance.

Dynamic Cluster

A dynamic cluster is any cluster that contains one or more dynamic servers. Each server in the cluster will be based upon a single shared server template. The server template allows you to configure each server the same and ensures that servers do not need to be manually configured before being added to the cluster. This allows you to easily scale up or down the number of servers in your cluster without the need for setting up each server manually. Changes made to the server template are rolled out to all servers that use that template.

You cannot configure dynamic servers individually; there are no server instance definitions in the config.xml file when using a dynamic cluster. Therefore, you cannot override the server template with server-specific attributes or target applications to an individual dynamic server instance.

When configuring your cluster you specify the maximum number of servers you expect to need at peak times. The specified number of server instances is then created, each based upon your server template. You can then start up however many you need and scale up or down over time according to your needs. If you need additional server instances on top of the number you

originally specified, you can increase the maximum number of servers instances (dynamic) in the dynamic cluster configuration.

Server Templates

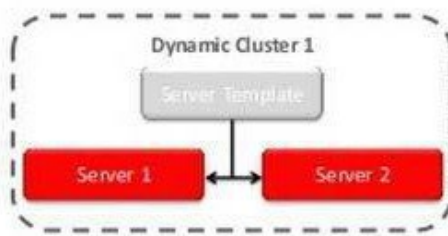
A single server template provides the basis for the creation of the dynamic servers. Using this single template provides the possibility of every member being created with exactly the same attributes. Where some of the server-specific attributes like Servername, listen-ports, machines, etc. can be calculated based upon tokens.

You can pre-create server templates and let Weblogic clone one when a Dynamic Cluster is created.

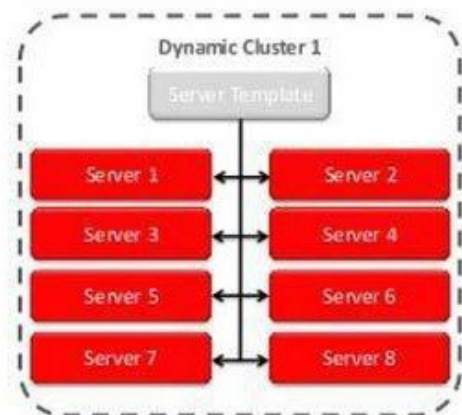
When none is available a server template is created with the Dynamic Cluster. The name and the listen ports are the only server template attributes that you provide during Dynamic Cluster creation.

Simplified Configuration with Scalability and Elasticity

Simplified Initial Cluster Configuration



Simplified Operations for Cluster Scale Out



1.3 Pre-Requisites

In this document, we are going to create a domain with two managed servers. The managed servers are going to be created on two different physical servers (nodes). Note that, this document has been prepared based on a test conducted in Linux servers.

This requires Weblogic Server of same version to be installed on both the machines and services

Environment

2 servers where linux is installed, 1 will be primary where admin console will be running along with managed servers and the other where only managed servers will be.

Softwares

- 1) Oracle Weblogic Server 12.2.1.4.0 installed on both the machines under same folder structure.
- 2) JDK 1.8 Latest available version installed on both the machines. In this document JDK1.8.0_241 version is used.

Clock Synchronization

The clocks of both the servers participating in the cluster must be synchronized to within one second difference to enable proper functioning of jobs otherwise it will lead to session timeouts.

Enable Graphical User Interface (GUI)

Establish a telnet or SSH connection to primary server. Start X- manager (or any similar tool) in windows desktop. Export DISPLAY environment variable to the machine IP where x-manager is running.

Syntax: export DISPLAY=<ip-address>:<port> Test using xclock

2. Domain Configuration

2.1 Domain Creation

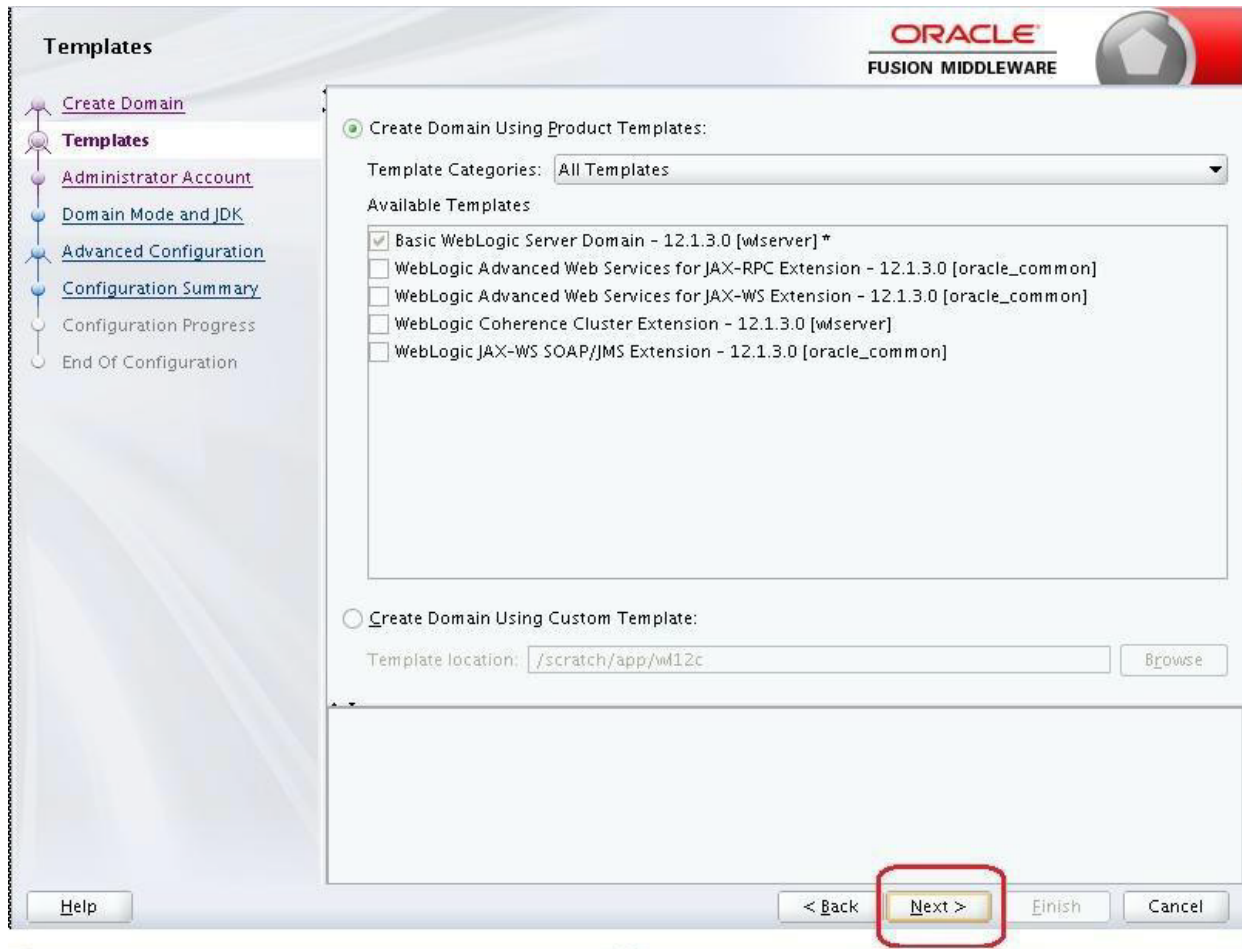
Weblogic domain creation and configuration will be done from primary server.

From primary server, launch the fusion Middleware configuration wizard using the command **config.sh** available under \$WLS_HOME/common/bin directory.

- 1) In the Welcome screen, select “**Create a new domain**” option. Enter the **domain name** and Click on **Next**.



2) Select the required templates from **Available Templates** and click **Next**.



3) Specify Administrator **User Name** and **Password**.

- The specified credentials are used to access Administration console.
- You can use this screen to define the default WebLogic Administrator account for the domain. This account is used to boot and connect to the domain's Administration Server. Click **Next**.

Administrator Account

Create Domain

Templates

Administrator Account

Domain Mode and JDK


Advanced Configuration

Configuration Summary

Configuration Progress

End Of Configuration

ORACLE
FUSION MIDDLEWARE



Name

weblogic

Password

••••••••

Confirm Password

••••••••

Must be the same as the password. Password must contain at least 8 alphanumeric characters with at least one number or special character.

Help

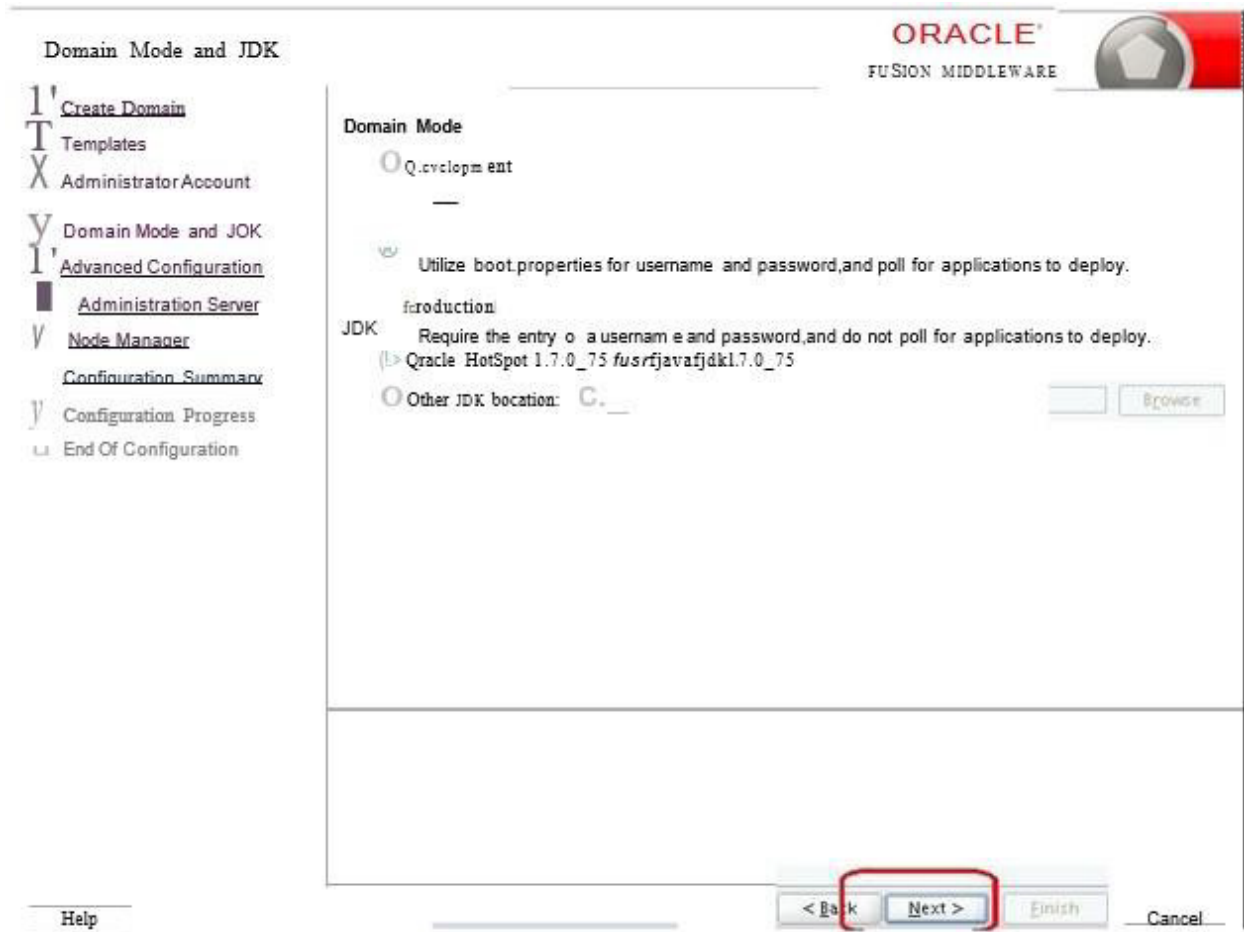
< Back

Next >

Finish

Cancel

4) Select Server Startup as **Production Mode** and the available JDKs. Click **Next**.



The image shows the 'Domain Mode and JDK' configuration screen in the Oracle Fusion Middleware Configuration Wizard. The left sidebar contains a list of steps: 'Create Domain', 'Templates', 'Administrator Account', 'Domain Mode and JDK' (highlighted), 'Advanced Configuration', 'Administration Server', 'Node Manager', 'Configuration Summary', 'Configuration Progress', and 'End Of Configuration'. The main area is titled 'Domain Mode and JDK' and features the Oracle Fusion Middleware logo. Under 'Domain Mode', the 'Development' radio button is selected, with a description: 'Utilize boot.properties for username and password, and poll for applications to deploy.' Under 'JDK', the 'Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy.' radio button is selected, with a description: 'Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy.' Below this, the 'Oracle HotSpot 1.7.0_75 fusrfjavafjdk1.7.0_75' is listed. There is a text field for 'Other JDK location' with a 'Browse' button. At the bottom, there are navigation buttons: '< Back', 'Next >' (highlighted with a red box), 'Finish', and 'Cancel'. A 'Help' button is located in the bottom left corner.

Domain Mode and JDK

ORACLE
FUSION MIDDLEWARE

1' Create Domain
T Templates
X Administrator Account
Y Domain Mode and JDK
1' Advanced Configuration
Administration Server
V Node Manager
Configuration Summary
y Configuration Progress
End Of Configuration

Domain Mode

☐ Development
Utilize boot.properties for username and password, and poll for applications to deploy.

JDK

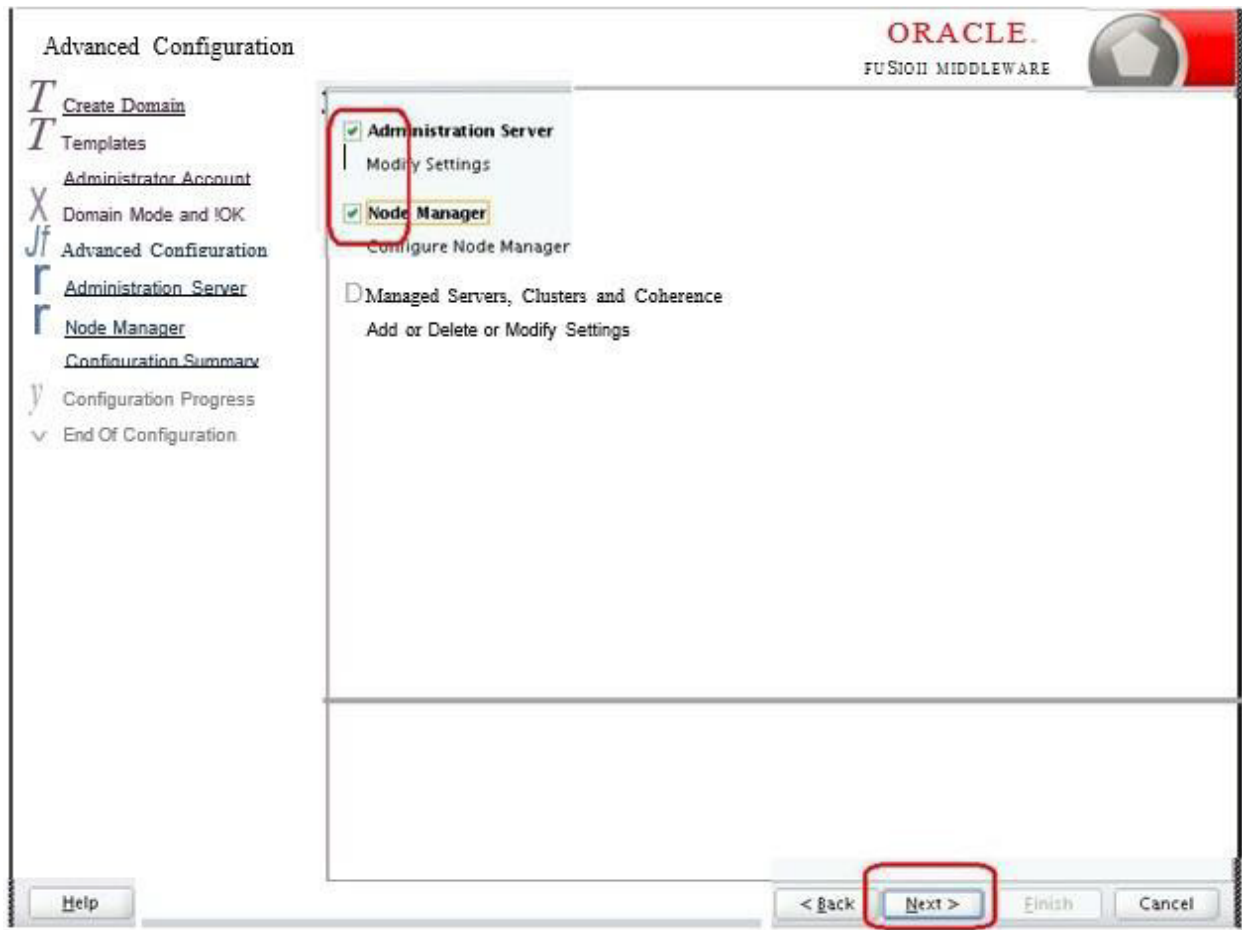
☒ Require the entry of a username and password, and do not poll for applications to deploy.
Oracle HotSpot 1.7.0_75 fusrfjavafjdk1.7.0_75

☐ Other JDK location: C: _ Browse

Help

< Back Next > Finish Cancel

5) Select the check box adjacent to Administration Server and Node Manager Click **Next**.



6) Specify the Administration server Listen address and Listen port.

Administration Server

ORACLE
FUSION MIDDLEWARE

Create Domain
Templates
Administrator Account
Domain Mode and JDK
Advanced Configuration
Administration Server
Node Manager
Configuration Summary
Configuration Progress
End Of Configuration

Server Name: AdminServer
Listen Address: All Local Addresses
Listen Port: 7001
Enable SSL: ☒
SSL Listen Port: 7101

Port number must be between 1 and 65535, and different from listen port and coherence port.

Help < Back Next > Finish Cancel

Note: The default Listen port is 7001 and SSL port is 7101. This could be changed to any other available port. Ensure to make a note, of this port since the same is required for launching the Admin console, post domain creation.

Note: Check for the port availability using the command - `netstat -anp |grep <Port no>` The next screen navigates to **NodeManager configuration**.

7) Configure Node Manager

Select Per Domain Default Location option from Node Manager Type. And in the Node Manager Credentials, provide the username and password for the node manager. Click **Next**.

Node Manager

T Create Domain

T Templates

Administrator Account

Domain Mode and

OK

T Advanced Configuration

X Administration Server

V Node Manager

Configuration Summary

Configuration Progress

End Of Configuration

ORACLE

FUSION MIDDLEWARE

Node Manager Type

☒ Per Domain Default Location
 ☐ Per Domain Custom Location

Node Manager Home: [P:\PJVL>112e\user_projects\domains\FCUBSDomain\nodemanager] [Browse]

☐ Manual Node Manager Setup

Node Manager Credentials

Username: weblogic

Password:

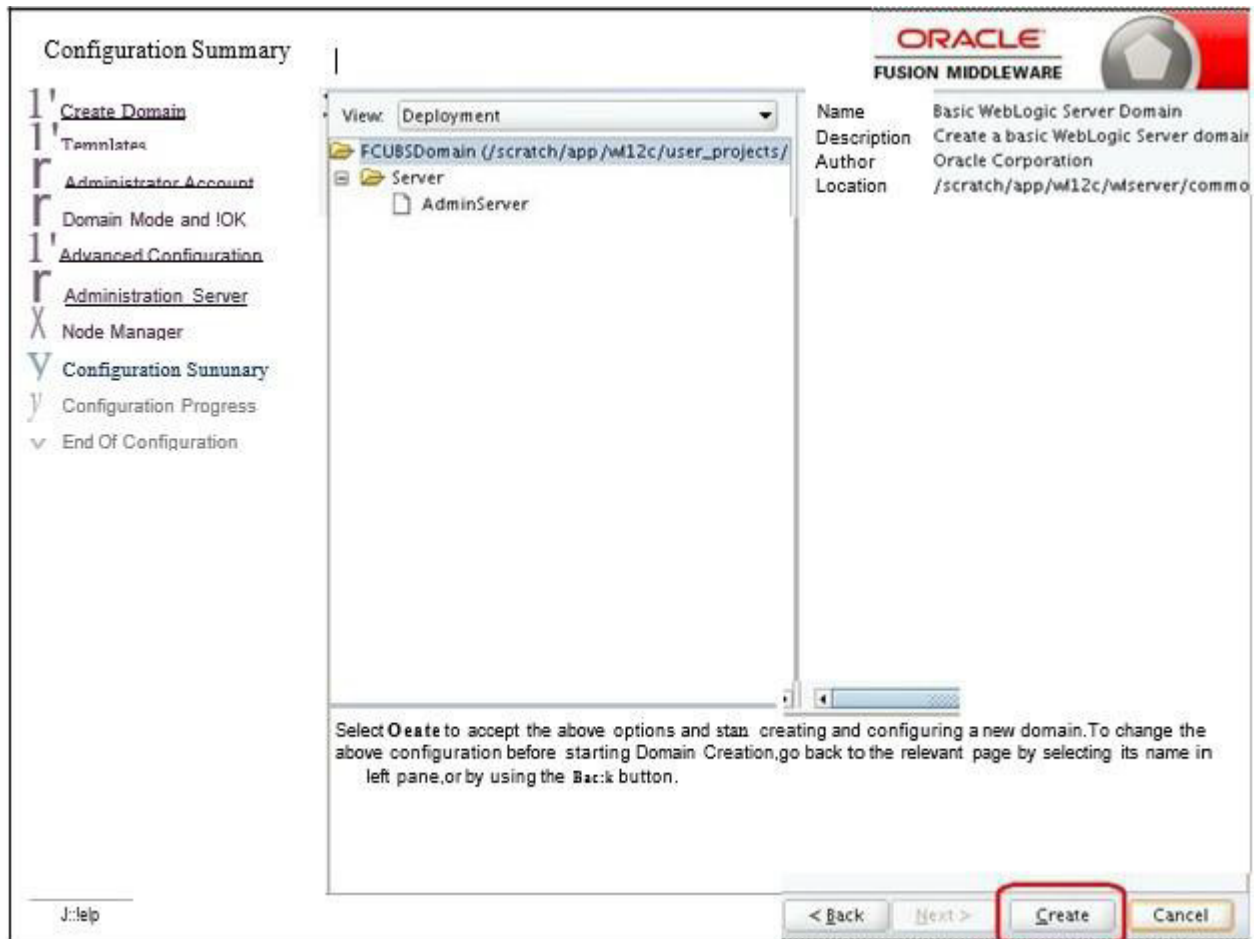
Confirm Password:

Must be the same as the password. Password must contain at least 8 alphanumeric characters with at least one number or special character.

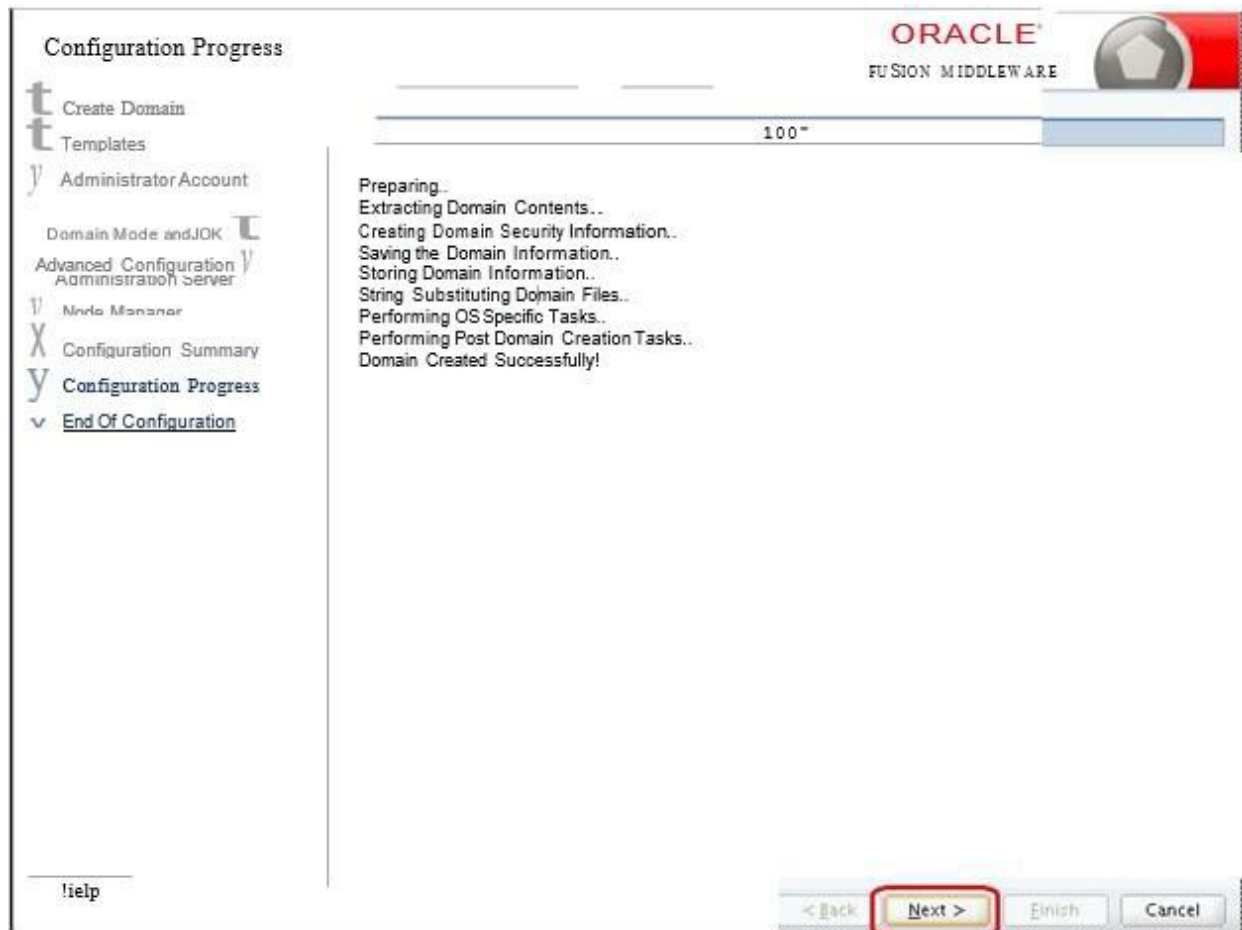
< Back

Next >

- 8) Verify the details and click **Create**. The domain creation process is initiated and the progress of completion is indicated.



9) Click **Next**.



10) The Configuration Success message will be displayed as follows:



The Admin Server console URL is as indicated below:

http://<IP address>:<admin console port>/console

- <IP address >: Host on which domain was created.
- <admin console port> : Port specified in Administration Server configuration page. In this case the Admin Console URL is: https://<server1hostname>:7101/console

2.2 Pack and Unpack Domain

The domain structure is expected to be copied to the second server during domain creation. To copy the same, you can use pack and unpack utility provided under \$WLSHOME/common/bin.

Pack

Pack domain in primary server:

```
./pack.sh -managed=true -domain=/scratch/app/wl12c/user_projects/domains/FCUBSDomain -  
template=/tmp/FCUBSDomain.jar -template_name="FCUBSDomain"
```

Unpack

Unpack FTP FCBUSDomain.jar in binary mode to secondary server under /tmp area and unpack the domain using unpack utility provided under \$WLSHOME/common/bin

```
./unpack.sh -domain=/scratch/app/wl12c/user_projects/domains/FCUBSDomain  
- template=/tmp/FCUBSDomain.jar
```

2.3 Start Admin server

Admin server is started on the primary server. Login to primary server and navigate to folder \$DOMAIN_HOME/bin and execute **startWeblogic.sh**.

2.4 Start Node Manager

Node Manager needs to be started on both the servers. Before starting the node manager update ListenAddress to the Hostname/IP Address of the machine in nodemanager.properties located in folder \$DOMAIN_HOME/nodemanager

To start the node manager login to the servers and navigate to folder \$DOMAIN_HOME/bin and execute **NodeManager.sh**

3. Cluster Configuration

Dynamic Cluster configuration involves below steps

- 1) Machine Configuration
- 2) Dynamic Cluster Creation: In a normal WebLogic Cluster you define Managed Server and add them to Cluster. In Dynamic Cluster, you select number of Servers you want in Cluster and Server Template you wish to assign to Servers in this WebLogic Dynamic Cluster.
- 3) Server template modification: Servers (or Managed Server) that are part of WebLogic Dynamic Cluster will have properties taken from Server Template.

Modify server template for best practices parameters for Dynamic Servers (part of Dynamic Cluster), you modify Server Template that is applicable to Dynamic Cluster. These settings are applicable to all the managed servers.

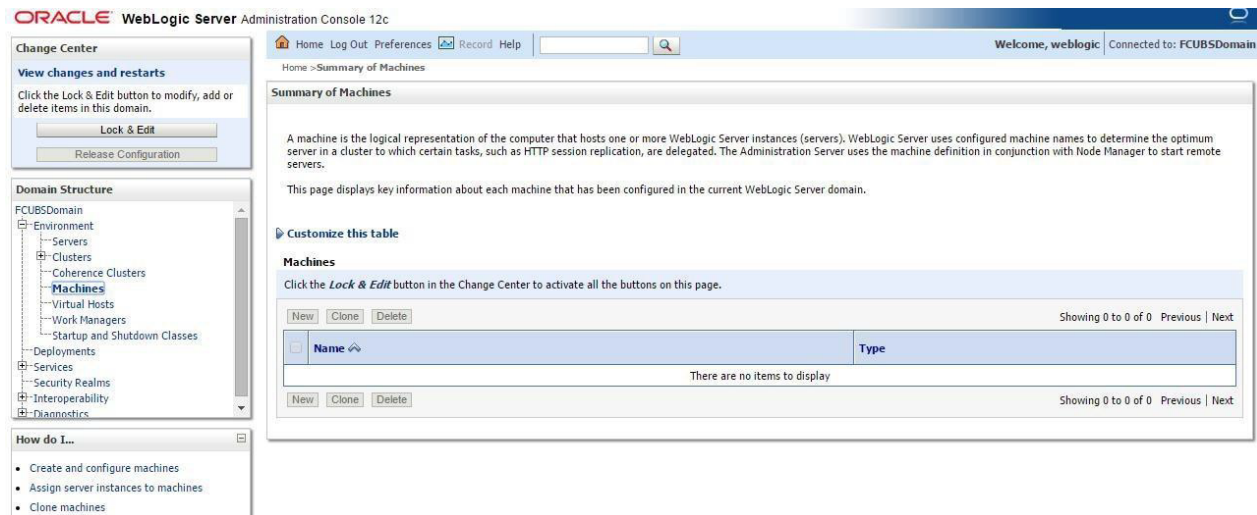
- 4) Activate Changes which would automatically create the managed servers (as mentioned in the number of servers required parameter).

Calculate Number of Servers Required:

For every 50 logged in Oracle Banking users require one managed server of size 4GB. i.e. for 300 logged in Oracle Banking users, it is recommended to have 6 managed servers. Based on the logged in users that needs to be supported decide on the number of the managed servers required. This parameter is required later in the dynamic cluster creation.

3.1 Machines Configuration

- 1) Login into Admin Console and Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Machine and Click **New**.



- 2) Enter the **machine name** and click **Next**.



- 3) Enter the **Listen Address** and **Listen Port** (this is the port mentioned in nodemanager.properties file) and click **Finish**.

The screenshot shows the 'Create a New Machine' wizard in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The 'Listen Address' is set to 'localhost' and the 'Listen Port' is set to '5556'. The 'Finish' button is highlighted. The 'Debug Enabled' checkbox is also visible.

- 4) Machine is created

The screenshot shows the 'Summary of Machines' page in the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. A table lists the created machine with Name 'Machine1' and Type 'Machine'. The table has columns for Name and Type. The 'Machine1' machine is listed with Type 'Machine'.

Name	Type
Machine1	Machine

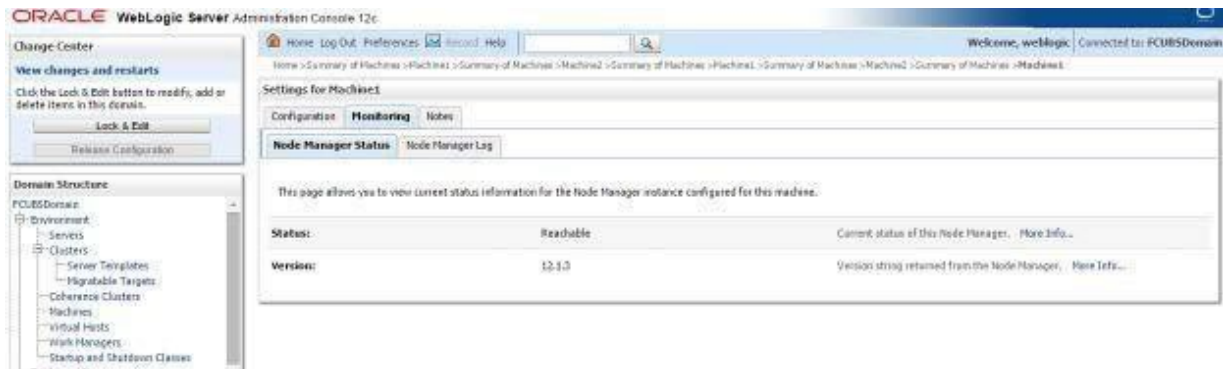
5) Similarly create a **new machine** entry for the other server.



Verifying machine status

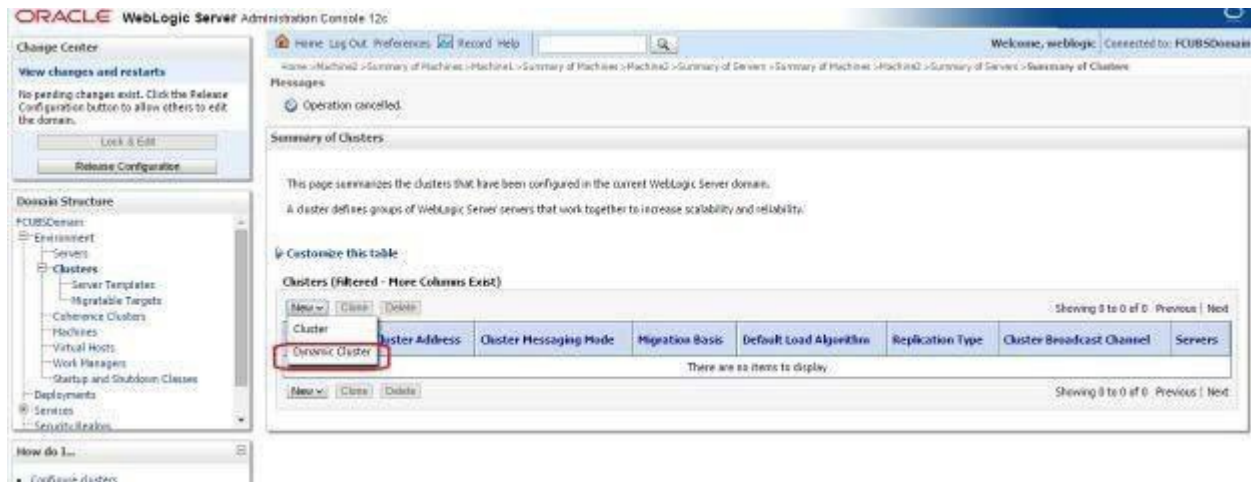
Before starting the managed servers, ensure that the Node manager Status of all the machines are "Reachable".

In the console, navigate through Domain structure → Machines → machine1 → Monitoring → Node Manager Status. Status should be Reachable.

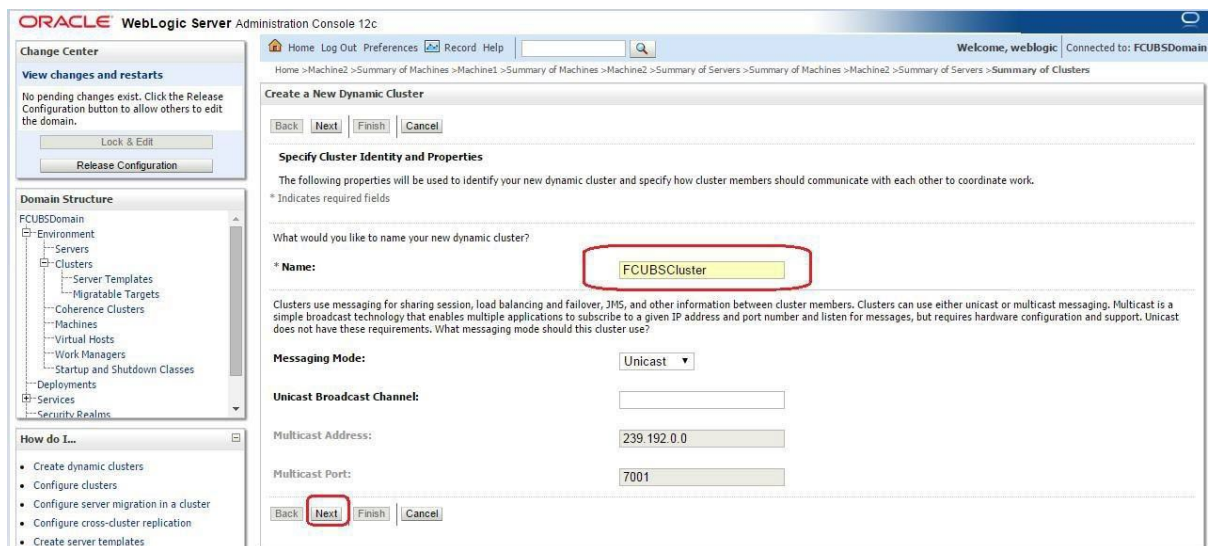


3.2 Dynamic Cluster Creation

- 1) Login into Admin Console and Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Clusters → New → select **Dynamic Cluster**.



- 2) Enter the **Cluster Name** and Click on **Next**.



- 3) Enter the number of dynamic servers you want to configure, enter the server name prefix and click on **Next**.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help

Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Home > Machine2 > Summary of Machines > Machine1 > Summary of Machines > Machine2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Machines > Machine2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Clusters

Create a New Dynamic Cluster

Back Next Finish Cancel

Specify Dynamic Server Properties

The following properties will be used to specify the size and characteristics of your new dynamic cluster.

How many dynamic servers will you need at peak load?

Number of Dynamic Servers: 4

What naming convention would you like to use for new dynamic servers in this cluster?

Server Name Prefix: FCUBSMS

Server templates are used to configure the characteristics that are common to all dynamic servers in this cluster. Server templates are unique to a cluster and cannot be shared across clusters, so a new server template will be created to support this new cluster.

Back Next Finish Cancel

- 4) Select Machines that participate in domain, in this case all machines will be part of the domain, select Use any machine configured in this domain and click on **Next**.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help

Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Home > Machine2 > Summary of Machines > Machine1 > Summary of Machines > Machine2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Machines > Machine2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Clusters

Create a New Dynamic Cluster

Back Next Finish Cancel

Specify Machine Bindings

Associating dynamic servers with machines is essential if you intend to use Node Manager and the Administration Console (or WLST) to start server instances.

How do you want to distribute dynamic servers across machines?

☒ Use any machine configured in this domain

☐ Use a single machine for all dynamic servers

Selected Machines: Machine1

☐ Use a subset of machines in this domain

Machine Name Match Expression:

Back Next Finish Cancel

- 5) Select the listen port for the first server in the dynamic cluster and then the SSL listener port for the first server in the dynamic cluster. The subsequent servers will be assigned with an incremental port number. Click **Next**.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help

Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Home > Machines2 > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Clusters

Create a New Dynamic Cluster

Back Next Finish Cancel

Specify Listen Port Bindings

Select how these dynamic servers should be bound to listen ports.

Listen ports for dynamic servers can be specified in a server template or can be dynamically generated to be unique.

☒ Assign each dynamic server unique listen ports

Listen Port for First Server: 7002

SSL Listen Port for First Server: 7102

☐ Assign each dynamic server fixed listen ports

Listen Port: 7100

SSL Listen Port: 8100

Back Next Finish Cancel

- 6) Summary of new Dynamic Cluster configuration is presented. Click **Finish** to create.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help

Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Home > Machines2 > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Machines > Machines2 > Summary of Servers > Summary of Clusters

Create a New Dynamic Cluster

Back Next Finish Cancel

Review Your Dynamic Cluster Configuration

You have elected to create a new dynamic cluster with the following configuration.

Configuration details for new dynamic cluster:

Name of New Dynamic Cluster:	FCUBS Cluster
Maximum Number of Dynamic Servers:	4
Server Name Prefix:	FCUBS
Enable Calculated Listen Ports:	true
Enable Calculated Machine Associations:	true

Configuration details for new server template:

Name of New Server Template:	FCUBSMTTemplate
Listen Port:	7002
SSL Listen Port:	7102

Back Next Finish Cancel

7) The Summary of Clusters screens should show the recently created Dynamic Cluster.

Summary of Clusters

This page summarizes the clusters that have been configured in the current WebLogic Server domain.

A cluster defines groups of WebLogic Server servers that work together to increase scalability and reliability.

Customize this table

Clusters (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Name	Cluster Address	Cluster Messaging Mode	Migration Basis	Default Load Algorithm	Replication Type	Cluster Broadcast Channel	Servers
FCUBSCluster		Unicast	Database	Round Robin	(None)		

8) Upon Activate Changes would automatically create 4 managed servers.

Summary of Clusters

This page summarizes the clusters that have been configured in the current WebLogic Server domain.

A cluster defines groups of WebLogic Server servers that work together to increase scalability and reliability.

Customize this table

Clusters (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Click the **Lock & Edit** button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.

Name	Cluster Address	Cluster Messaging Mode	Migration Basis	Default Load Algorithm	Replication Type	Cluster Broadcast Channel	Servers
FCUBSCluster		Unicast	Database	Round Robin	(None)		FCUBSPS1, FCUBSPS2, FCUBSPS3, FCUBSPS4

9) Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Servers tab and 4 new servers are created

Summary of Servers

A server is an instance of WebLogic Server that runs in its own Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and has its own configuration.

This page summarizes each server that has been configured in the current WebLogic Server domain.

Customize this table

Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Click the **Lock & Edit** button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.

Name	Type	Cluster	Machine	State	Health	Listen Port
AdminServer(admin)	Configured		Machine1	STARTING	OK	7001
FCUBSPS1	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine1	STARTING	Not reachable	7002
FCUBSPS2	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine2	STARTING	Not reachable	7004
FCUBSPS3	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine1	STARTING	Not reachable	7005
FCUBSPS4	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine2	STARTING	Not reachable	7006

3.3 Managed Server Template configuration

The server template created is modified to apply the below parameters

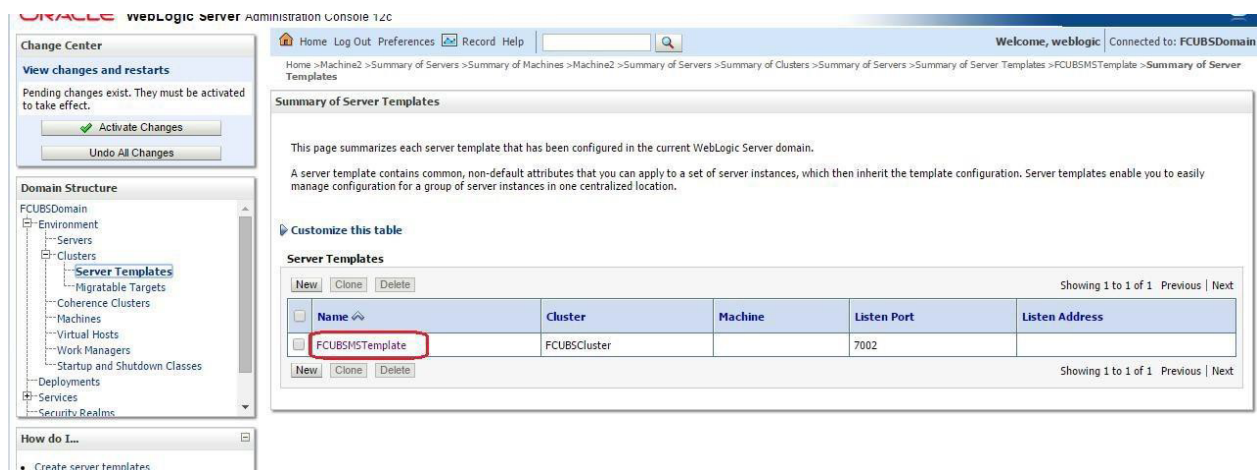
3.3.1 Logging

The process of log file writing in a Weblogic server can impact the performance. Hence, you need to keep the logging to minimum in a production environment.

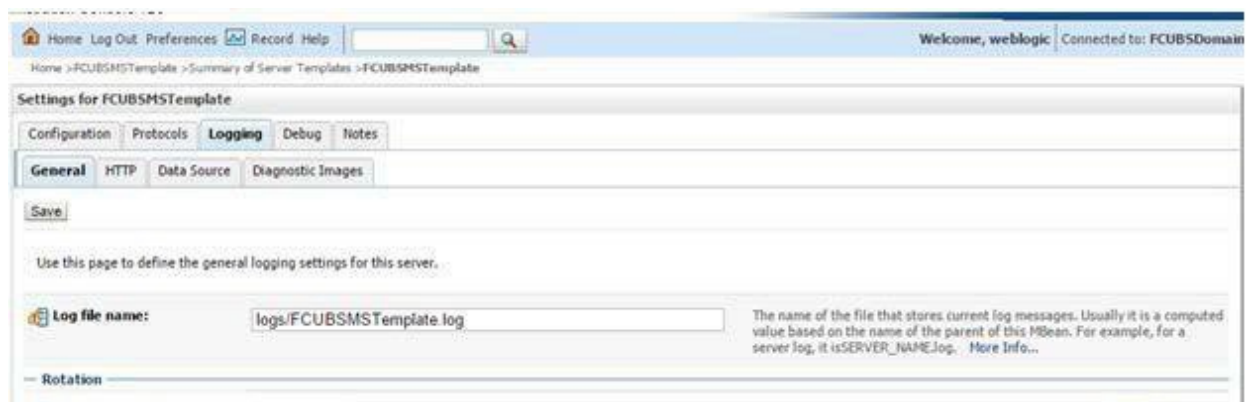
Update below parameters by in Logging Screen

Minimum Severity to log	Warning
Log file Severity level	Warning
Standard Out Severity level	Critical
Domain broadcaster Severity level	Critical

1) Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Clusters



2) Select FCUBSTemplate and navigate to Logging → General



3) Under Advanced Tab, update the below parameters and Click on **Save**.

Advanced		
Date Format Pattern:	MMM d, yyyy h:mm:ss a z	The date format pattern used for rendering dates in the log. The DateFormatPattern string conforms to the specification of the java.text.SimpleDateFormat class. More Info...
Minimum severity to log(...)	warning	The minimum severity of log messages going to all log destinations. By default all RIBSs are published. More Info...
logger severity properties:		The configuration of the different logger severities keyed by name. The values are one of the predefined Severity strings namely Emergency, Alert, Critical, Error, Warning, Notice, Info, Debug, Trace. More Info...
6*		
Log file :		
Severity level:	Warning	The minimum severity of log messages going to the server log file. By default all messages go to the log file. More Info...
Filter:	None	The filter configuration for the server log file. More Info...
Log File Buffer:	8	Gets the underlying log buffer size in kilobytes. More Info...
Standard out:		
Severity level:	Critical	The minimum severity of log messages going to the standard out. Messages With a lower severity than the specified value will not be published to standard out. More Info...
Filter:	None	The filter configuration for log events being sent to the standard out. More Info...
Domain log:		
Severity level:	Warning	The minimum severity of log messages going to the domain log from this server's log broadcaster. Messages With a lower severity than the specified value will not be published to the domain log. More Info...
Filter:	None	The filter configuration for log events being sent to the domain log. More Info...
Buffer Size:	10	Broadcasts log messages to the domain log in batch mode. More Info...
Stack Traces to stdout		Specifies whether to dump stack traces to the console when included in logged message. More Info...
stdout Stack Trace Depth:	5	Determines the no of stacktrace frames to display on standard out. All frames are displayed in the log file. -1 means all frames are displayed. More Info...
stdout Format:	standard	The output format to use when logging to the console. More Info...

3.3.2 HTTP Logging

1) FCUBSDomain → Environment → Clusters → FCUBSTemplate → Logging → HTTP → Uncheck the Access Logs Flag.

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDoma

Home > FCUBSMSTemplate > Summary of Server Templates > FCUBSMSTemplate

Settings for FCUBSMSTemplate

Configuration Protocols **Logging** Debug Notes

General **HTTP** Data Source Diagnostic Images

Save

Use this page to configure HTTP logging for the server. By default, HTTP logging is enabled and the server saves HTTP requests in a separate log file; it does not store HTTP requests in the server log file or the domain log file.

☐ HTTP access log file enabled Indicates whether this server logs HTTP requests. (The remaining fields on this page are relevant only if you select this check box.) More Info...

Log file name: logs/access.log The name of the log file. More Info...

Rotation

Rotation type: By Size Criteria for moving old log messages to a separate file. More Info...

Rotation file size: 5000 The size (1 - 2097150 kilobytes) that triggers the server to move log messages to a separate file. The default is 500 kilobytes. After the log file

3.3.3 Stuck Tread Max Time

1) FCUBSDomain → Environment → Clusters → FCUBSTemplate → Tuning, update the stuck thread max time to 900 and Click on **Save**.

Home Log Out Preferences Record Help Welcome, weblogic Connected to: FCUBSDoma

Home > FCUBSMSTemplate > Summary of Server Templates > FCUBSMSTemplate

Settings for FCUBSMSTemplate

Configuration Protocols **Logging** Debug Notes

General **HTTP** Data Source Diagnostic Images

Save

Use this page to configure HTTP logging for the server. By default, HTTP logging is enabled and the server saves HTTP requests in a separate log file; it does not store HTTP requests in the server log file or the domain log file.

☐ HTTP access log file enabled Indicates whether this server logs HTTP requests. (The remaining fields on this page are relevant only if you select this check box.) More Info...

Log file name: logs/access.log The name of the log file. More Info...

Rotation

Rotation type: By Size Criteria for moving old log messages to a separate file. More Info...

Rotation file size: 5000 The size (1 - 2097150 kilobytes) that triggers the server to move log messages to a separate file. The default is 500 kilobytes. After the log file

4. Tuning

4.1 General Parameters

PARAMETER	VALUE	Navigate To
JTA Time out seconds	18000	Login to Weblogic Server console. Click on the domain name (ex: FCUBSDomain) which is under 'Domain Structure'. Go to Configuration > JTA, parameter and values is found on the right side panel of console.
Session Timeout	900	Login to Weblogic Server console Click on Deployments which is under 'Domain Structure'. Click on the deployed FCJ application from right side panel. Click on FCJNeoWeb from 'Modules and components'. Go to Configuration General, the parameter values can be found here.

4.2 JVM Tuning

This section of the document provides JVM optimization for Oracle Banking Payments Solution.

It is strictly recommended to use 64 bit JVM for OBPM installation, as 32 bit JVM is obsolete for enterprise application and imposes a restriction on heap size to 4GB.

The JAVA minimum and maximum heap size needs to be reset for 32 and 64 bit environments. Both the minimum and maximum heap size is set to 1.5GB and 4GB in case of 32 bit and 64 bit environments respectively.

How to find whether the JVM is 32bit or 64bit?

Go to \$JAVA_HOME/bin directory. Check java version using command `./java -d64` – version 64 bit JVM shows the version details where as 32bit throws an error.

How to modify the JVM heap parameters?

To change the JVM heap parameters modify setDomainEnv.sh under domain FCUBSCL in both servers. This file is located at

“\$WL_HOME/user_projects/domains/\$WLS_DOMAIN/bin” in both the servers.

Use below USER_MEM_ARGS variable to override the standard memory arguments passed to java for SUN JDK.

32 bit JDK

It is strictly not recommended to use a 32 bit JDK version because this have a limitation of maximum heap size setting to 4 GB only. This restricts the application scalability.

64 bit JDK

```
USER_MEM_ARGS="-  
Dorg.apache.xml.dtm.DTManager=org.apache.xml.dtm.ref.DTManagerDefault  
- Dorg.a  
pache.xerces.xni.parser.XMLParserConfiguration=org.apache.xerces.parser  
s.XML11Configuration -Dweblogic.threadpool.MinPoolSize=100 -  
Dweblogic.threadpool.MaxPoolSize=100 -Xms8g -Xmx8g -server -d64 -  
XX:+UseParallelOldGC -XX:ParallelGCThreads=4" export  
  
USER_MEM_ARGS
```

Note: Take a backup of the files before modifying the same.

5. Start Managed Servers

Starting using scripts

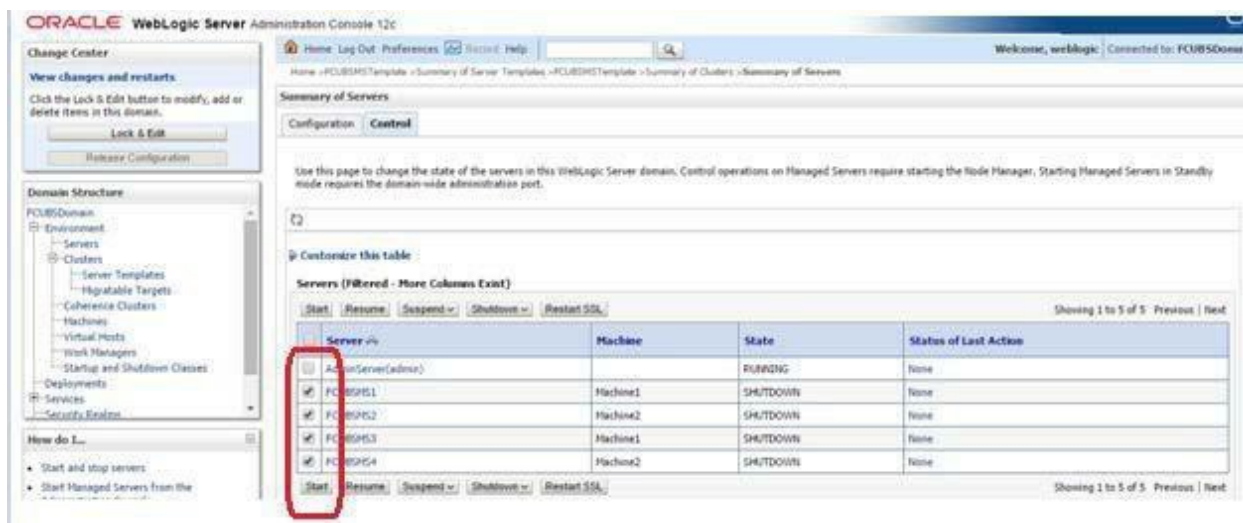
Managed Servers can be started by executing startManagedWebLogic.sh script present in folder \$DOMAIN_HOME/bin

Usage: ./startManagedWebLogic.sh SERVER_NAME {ADMIN_URL}

Eg: ./startManagedWeblogic.sh FCUBSMS1 https://<hostname1>/console

Starting using console

Alternatively, login to admin console, navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Servers → Control, select the managed servers to be started and click on **Start**.



Upon successful startup, the status of Managed servers is changed to "RUNNING".

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

[Home](#)
[Log Out](#)
[Preferences](#)
[Recent](#)
[Help](#)

Welcome, weblogic | Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Change Center

View changes and restarts

Click the Lock & Edit button to modify, add or delete items in this domain.

Lock & Edit

Release Configuration

Domain Structure

FCUBSDomain

- Environment
- Servers
 - Server Templates
 - Myratable Targets
 - Coherence Clusters
 - Machines
 - Virtual Hosts
 - Work Managers
 - Startup and Shutdown Classes
- Deployments
- Services
 - Security Realm

How do I...

- Create Managed Servers
- Clone servers
- Delete Managed Servers
- Delete the Administration Server

Summary of Servers

Configuration Control

A server is an instance of WebLogic Server that runs in its own Java Virtual Machine (JVM) and has its own configuration. This page summarizes each server that has been configured in the current WebLogic Server domain.

Last Refreshed: Jun 11, 2015 2:57:18 PM

Customize this table

Servers (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Click the **Lock & Edit** button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.

New Close Delete

Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous Next

Name ↕	Type	Cluster	Machine	State	Health	Listen Port
<input type="checkbox"/> AdminServer(admin)	Configured			RUNNING	OK	7001
<input type="checkbox"/> FCUBSHS1	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine1	RUNNING	OK	7003
<input type="checkbox"/> FCUBSHS2	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine2	RUNNING	OK	7004
<input type="checkbox"/> FCUBSHS3	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine1	RUNNING	OK	7005
<input type="checkbox"/> FCUBSHS4	Dynamic	FCUBSCluster	Machine2	RUNNING	OK	7006

New Close Delete

Showing 1 to 5 of 5 Previous Next

6. Data Source creation and JDBC Configuration

Following are the JNDI names of those data sources used by Oracle Banking application.

- jdbc/fcjCoreDS - This datasource is used by Oracle Banking Core online screen excluding branch screens.
- jdbc/fcjdevDSBranch - This datasource is used by Branch screens.
- jdbc/fcjSchedulerDS - This datasource is used by Quartz scheduler.
- fcjPayDS_GTXN – Datasource for Oracle Banking Payment OLTP with Global Transaction supported to enable the transaction management by the container and also to .
- fcjPayDS – Datasource used by Payment Batch operations where transaction is handled programmatically.

Note:

- jdbc/fcjdevDS should be **NonXA** and make use of OCI driver.
- jdbc/fcjdevDSBranch and jdbc/fcjSchedulerDS should be **XA**

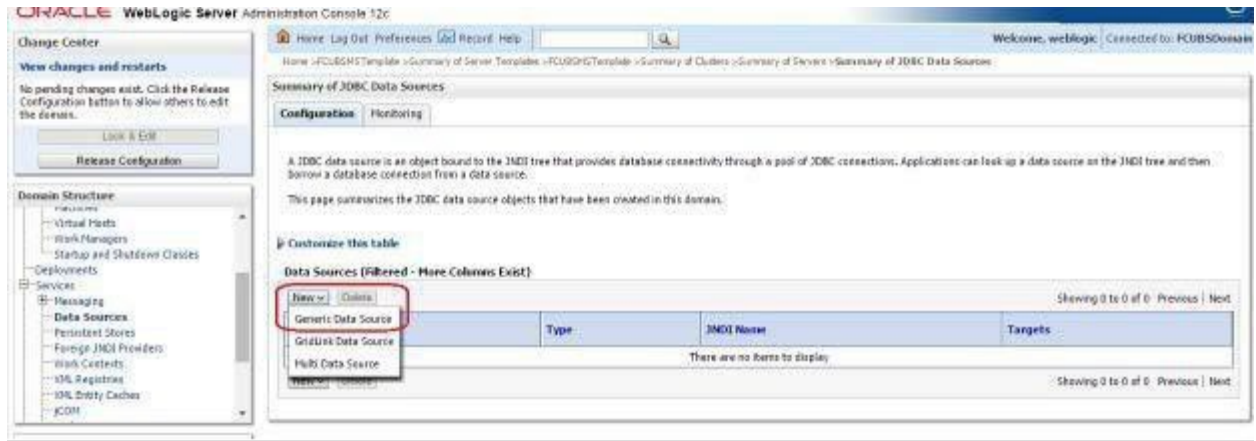
6.1 Setup Required for OCI Driver

Data sources are created with OCI enabled. For this, Oracle Instant Client is required, below steps needs to be followed

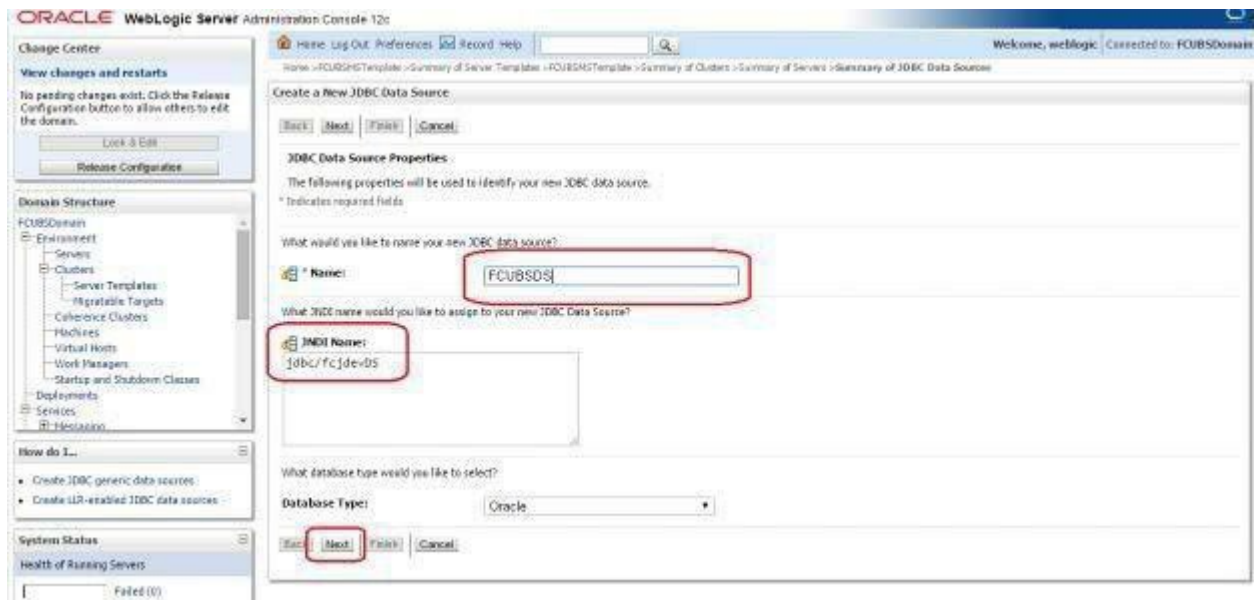
- Download Oracle Instant Client corresponding to the used Oracle DB and java (x64 or x32):
<http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/features/instant-client/index-097480.html>
- Set {ORACLE_HOME} in the environment variable.
- Update the environment variable LD_LIBRARY_PATH as {ORACLE_HOME}/lib. This is to load all the .so files.
- Ensure that the ojdbc*.jar file in {WL_HOME}/server/lib/ojdbc*.jar is the same as the file {ORACLE_HOME}/jdbc/lib/ojdbc*.jar. This is to ensure compatibility.
- Update LD_LIBRARY_PATH in StartWebLogic.sh or in setDomainEnv.sh. This must be the path of directory where Oracle Instant Client is installed.
- If you are still not able to load the .so files, then you need to update the EXTRA_JAVA_PROPERTIES by setting Djava.library.path as {ORACLE_HOME}/lib in StartWebLogic.sh or in setDomainEnv.sh.

6.2 Data source creation: non XA

- 1) Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Services → Data Sources → select New → Generic data source.



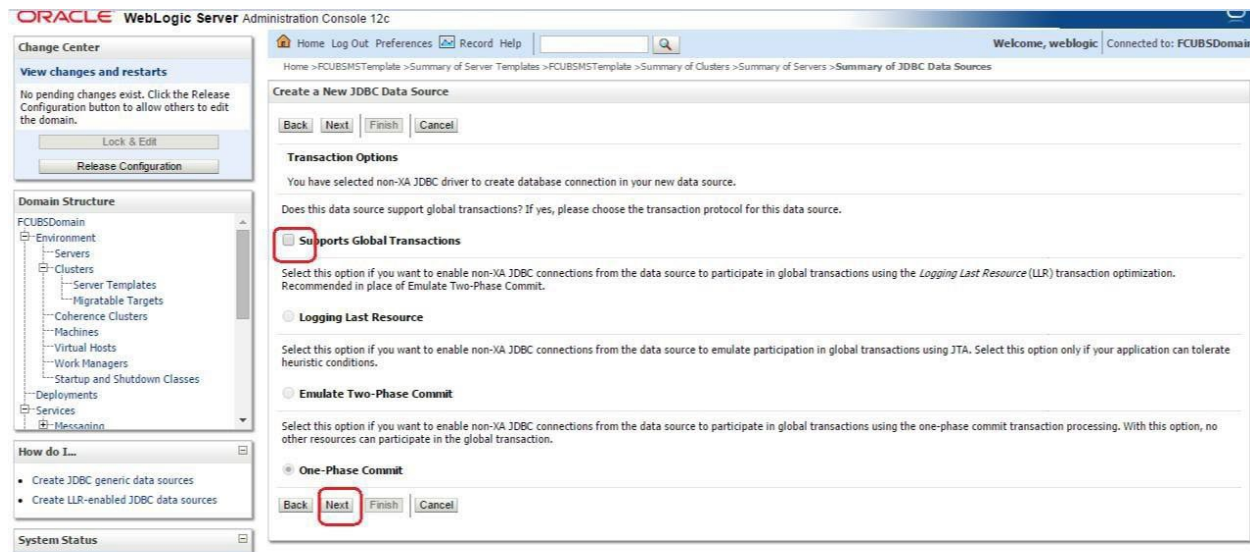
- 2) Enter the Name and JNDI Name and Click on **Next**.



- 3) Select the Driver as “Oracle’s Driver (thin) for Instance connection: Versions: Any” and Click on **Next**.



- 4) Uncheck the “Supports Global Transactions” and click on **Next**.



- 5) Enter the Database Name, Host Name, Port, User Name, Password, Confirm Password and Click on **Next**.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The main window is titled 'Create a New JDBC Data Source'. It has a 'Back' button, a 'Next' button (highlighted with a red box), and 'Finish' and 'Cancel' buttons. The 'Connection Properties' section is highlighted with a red box and contains the following fields:

- Database Name:
- Host Name:
- Port:
- Database User Name:
- Password:
- Confirm Password:

The 'Additional Connection Properties' section shows 'oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver' as the driver class.

- 6) Replace the JDBC URL in the below format and click on **Next**

Default URL: jdbc:oracle:thin:@<IP_Address>:<Port>:<INSTANCE_NAME>. Change the default URL to:

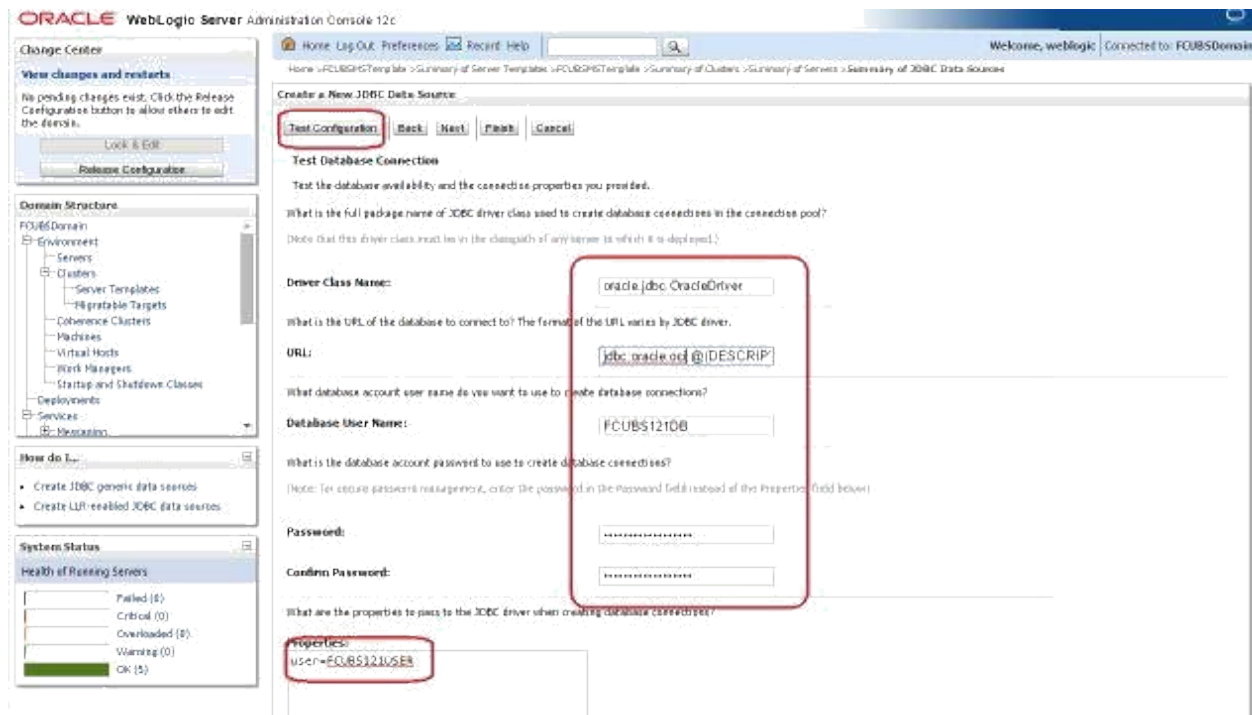
```
jdbc:oracle:oci:@(DESCRIPTION=(ADDRESS_LIST=(ADDRESS=(PROTOCOL=TCP)(HOST=xxxxxx.com)(PORT=1521)))(CONNECT_DATA=(SERVICE_NAME=fcubs)))
```

Where,

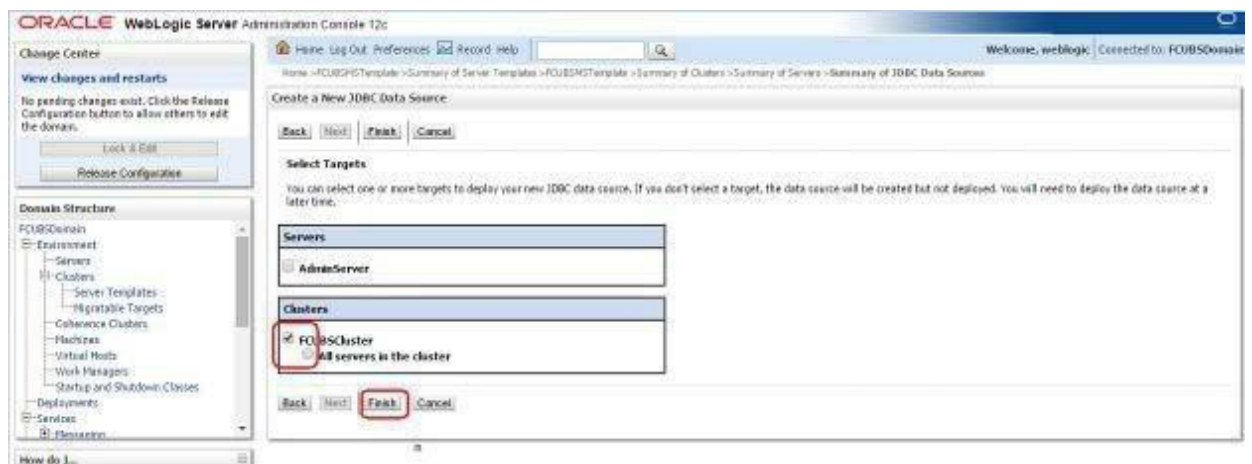
Scan IP = xxxxxx.com Service Name = fcubs Port = 1521

Make sure that in URL, we make the changes to reflect oci.

Then Click on Test Configuration. The connection test should be successful.

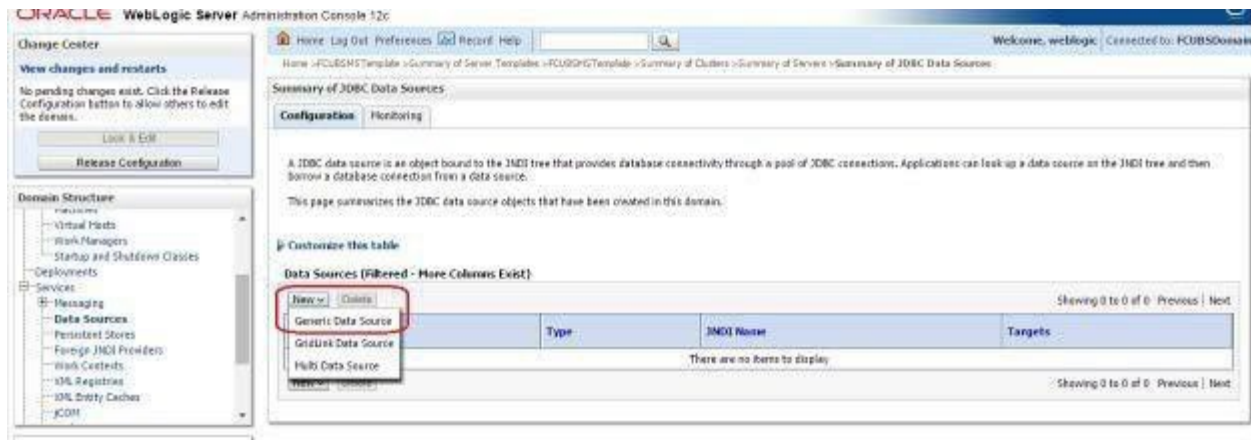


7) Select Target as FCUBSCluster and click on **Finish**.

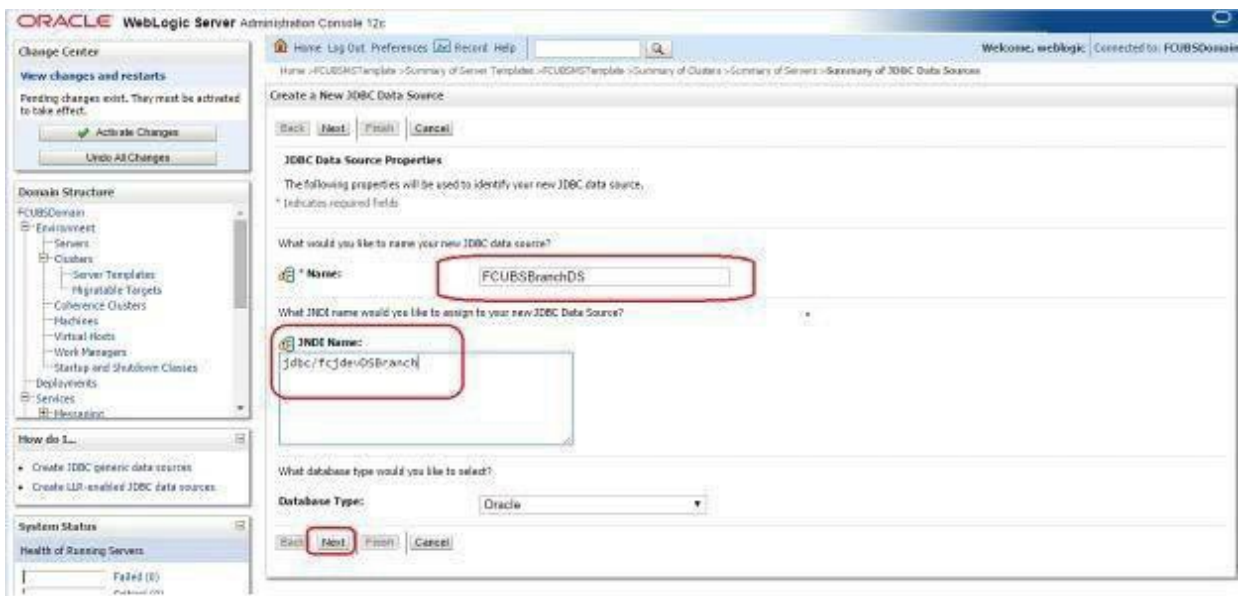


6.3 XA Datasource

- 1) Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Services → Data Sources → select New → Generic data source.



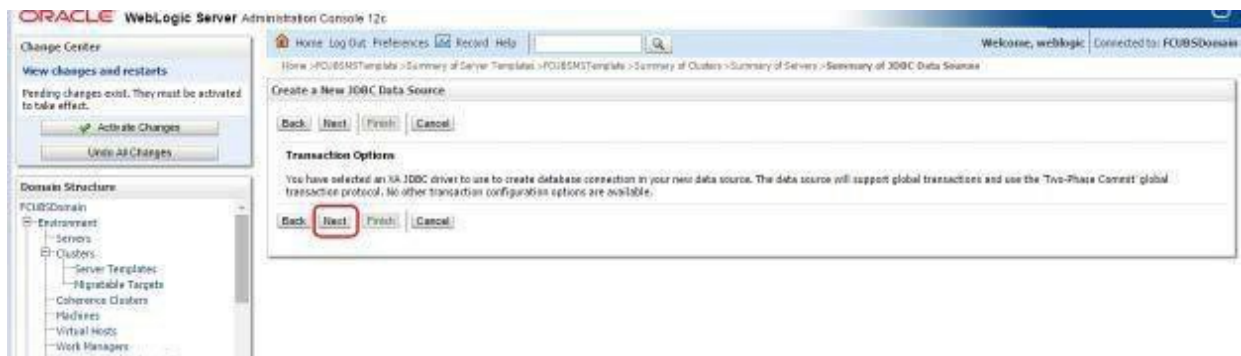
- 2) Enter the Name and JNDI Name and Click on **Next**.



- 3) Select the Driver as “Oracle’s Driver(thin XA) for Instance connection: Versions: Any” and Click on **Next**.



- 4) Click on **Next**.



5) From this step to target setting step follow as mentioned in non-xa.

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Change Center
View changes and restarts
Pending changes exist. They must be activated to take effect.
[Activate Changes]
[Undo All Changes]

Domain Structure
FCU8SDomain
Environment
Servers
Clusters
Server Templates
Migratable Targets
Coherence Clusters
Machines
Virtual Hosts
Work Managers
Startup and Shutdown Classes
Deployments
Services
[Messages]

How do I...
• Create JDBC generic data sources
• Create ULI-enabled JDBC data sources

System Status
Health of Running Servers
Failed (0)
Critical (0)
Overloaded (0)
Warning (0)
OK (5)

Create a New JDBC Data Source
[Back] [Next] [Finish] [Cancel]

Connection Properties
Define Connection Properties.
What is the name of the database you would like to connect to?
Database Name: []
What is the name or IP address of the database server?
Host Name: []
What is the port on the database server used to connect to the database?
Port: [1521]
What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?
Database User Name: []
What is the database account password to use to create database connections?
Password: []
Confirm Password: []
Add additional Connection Properties:
oracle.jdbc.OracleDriver: []
[Back] [Next] [Finish] [Cancel]

ORACLE WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Change Center
View changes and restarts
Pending changes exist. They must be activated to take effect.
[Activate Changes]
[Undo All Changes]

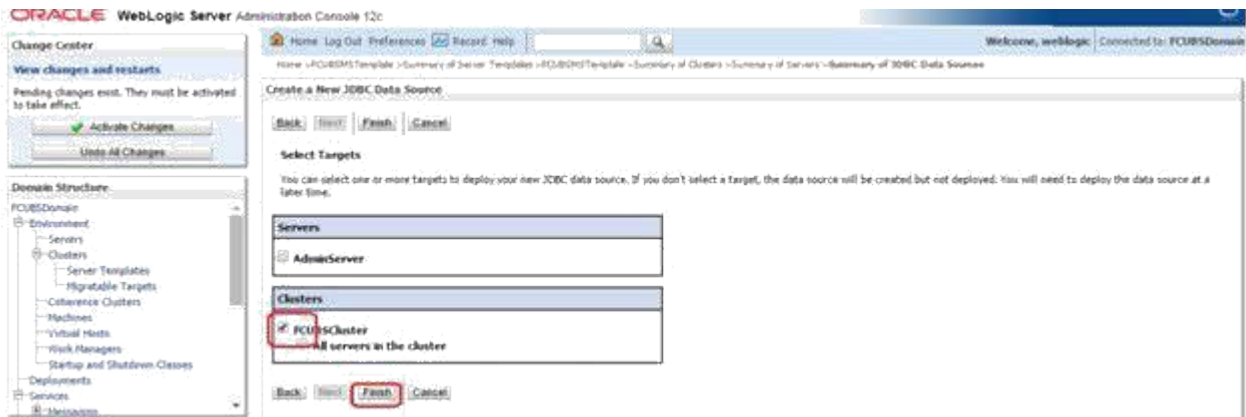
Domain Structure
FCU8SDomain
Environment
Servers
Clusters
Server Templates
Migratable Targets
Coherence Clusters
Machines
Virtual Hosts
Work Managers
Startup and Shutdown Classes
Deployments
Services
[Messages]

How do I...
• Create JDBC generic data sources
• Create ULI-enabled JDBC data sources

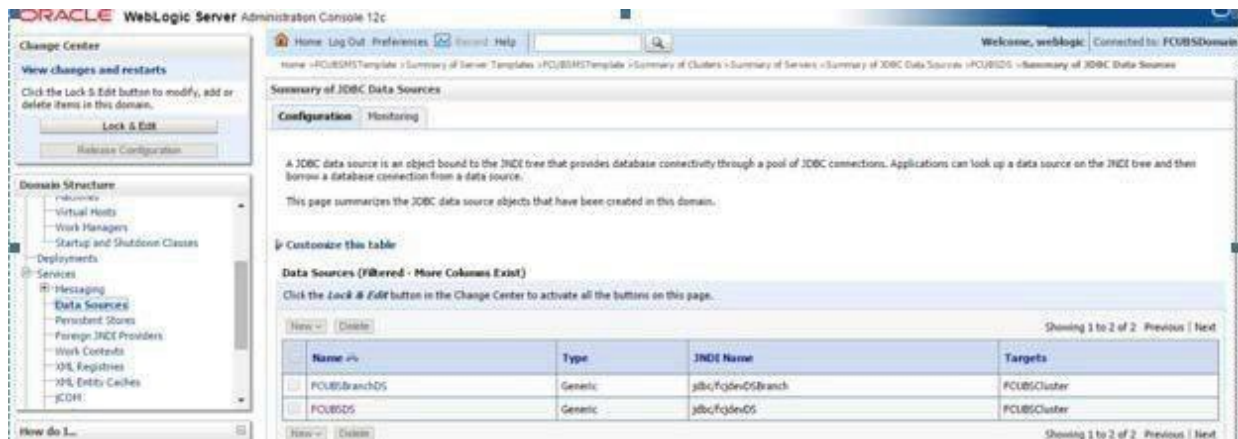
System Status
Health of Running Servers
Failed (0)
Critical (0)
Overloaded (0)
Warning (0)
OK (5)

Create a New JDBC Data Source
[Test Configuration] [Back] [Next] [Finish] [Cancel]

Test Database Connection
Test the database availability and the connection properties you provided.
What is the full package name of JDBC driver class used to create database connections in the connection pool?
(Note that this driver class must be in the classpath of any server to which it is deployed.)
Driver Class Name: [oracle.jdbc.xa.client.OracleXA]
What is the URL of the database to connect to? The format of the URL varies by JDBC driver.
URL: [jdbc:oracle:oci:@IDESCRIPT]
What database account user name do you want to use to create database connections?
Database User Name: [FC121DB]
What is the database account password to use to create database connections?
(Note: for secure password management, enter the password in the Password field instead of the Properties field below.)
Password: []
Confirm Password: []
What are the properties to pass to the JDBC driver when creating database connections?
Properties: [user=FCU8S12User]



6) Upon Activate Changes would create the XA Datasource.



- 7) Similarly create all the other Datasource required for the FCUBS Application and Gateway Deployments.

Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console 12c

Home Log Out Preferences Help

Welcome, weblogic | Connected to: FCUBSDomain

Home > FCUBS4Template > Summary of Cluster > Summary of Services > Summary of JDBC Data Sources > FCUBSDS > Summary of JDBC Data Sources > FCUBSDomain > Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Messages

All changes have been activated. No restarts are necessary.

Summary of JDBC Data Sources

Configuration Monitoring

A JDBC data source is an object bound to the JNDI tree that provides database connectivity through a pool of JDBC connections. Applications can look up a data source on the JNDI tree and then borrow a database connection from a data source.

This page summarizes the JDBC data source objects that have been created in this domain.

Customize this table

Data Sources (Filtered - More Columns Exist)

Click the Lock & Edit button in the Change Center to activate all the buttons on this page.

Name	Type	JNDI Name	Targets
FCUBSBranchDS	Generic	jdbc/fgdevdsBranch	FCUBSCluster
FCUBSDS	Generic	jdbc/fgdevds	FCUBSCluster
FCUBSDS_ASYNC	Generic	jdbc/fgdevds_ASYNC	FCUBSCluster
FCUBSDS_XA	Generic	jdbc/fgdevds_XA	FCUBSCluster
FCUBSScheduleDS	Generic	jdbc/fgScheduleDS	FCUBSCluster
FLUTEST.WORLD	Generic	FLUTEST.WORLD	FLUTEST.WORLD

Showing 1 to 6 of 6 Previous Next

OBPM related datasource parameter recommendation are provided in Annexure A

6.4 JDBC Parameters Tuning

Below JDBC parameters needs to be updated for all the Datasources

PARAMETER	VALUE	Navigate To
Connection Reserve time out	30	Connection Pool->Advance
Test Frequency	60	Connection Pool->Advance
Inactive connection time out	30	Connection Pool->Advance
Initial Capacity	1	Connection Pool
Max capacity	Based on Site Requirement	Connection Pool
Capacity Increment	5	Connection Pool

Shrink Frequency	900	Connection Pool->Advance
Test Connection on Reserve	Checked	Connection Pool->Advance

7. JMS Resource Creation

JMS Resource Creation involves various steps

- Persistence Store Creation
- JMS Server Creation
- JMS Module Creation
- Resource Creation: Connection Factory and Queue's

Refer to the JMS Cluster Configuration document for further details on JMS setup.

8. Oracle WebLogic Load Balancing

There are four major components for load balancing:

1. HTTPS Requests (HTTPS)
2. Web Service Requests (HTTPS)
3. Rest API Requests (HTTPS)
4. JMS Requests (t3)

External Load Balancer:

First three modes can be load balanced by fronting a simple web server to virtualize the IP address/host name to one and route the requests to the managed servers in a round robin or weight based or any other supported algorithm. Oracle HTTP server is an example for such web server.

JMS uses a t3 protocol and it requires load balancer which can intercept the request at level 7 (TCP level) and route the request. Example is Oracle Traffic Director (OTD). Such load balancers can be used for first three type of requests as well.

Internal Load Balancer:

For http/s protocols, there is no production level internal load balancing support from weblogic. This has to be handled using an external load balancer.

Weblogic supports JMS load balancing internally. For this, the client have to know the host name/ip address and port of all the managed servers in a cluster. In all the places where the Initial Context Provider URL is configured in OBPM application, specify the URL as:

```
t3://[HOST NAME 1]:[PORT 1],[HOST NAME 2]:[PORT 2]
```

HOST NAME - This is a DNS name of individual manager servers

PORT - Port number of individual managed servers.

9. Frequently Asked Questions

9.1 Machine status is Unreachable.

If the machine status is unreachable, means that machine is not reachable and from console you cannot start/stop the managed servers.

In the console, navigate through Domain structure → Machines → machine1 → Monitoring → Node Manager Status will be Unreachable

To change the status, you need to start the nodemanager on that server. Refer to start nodemanager section on steps to start the nodemanager.

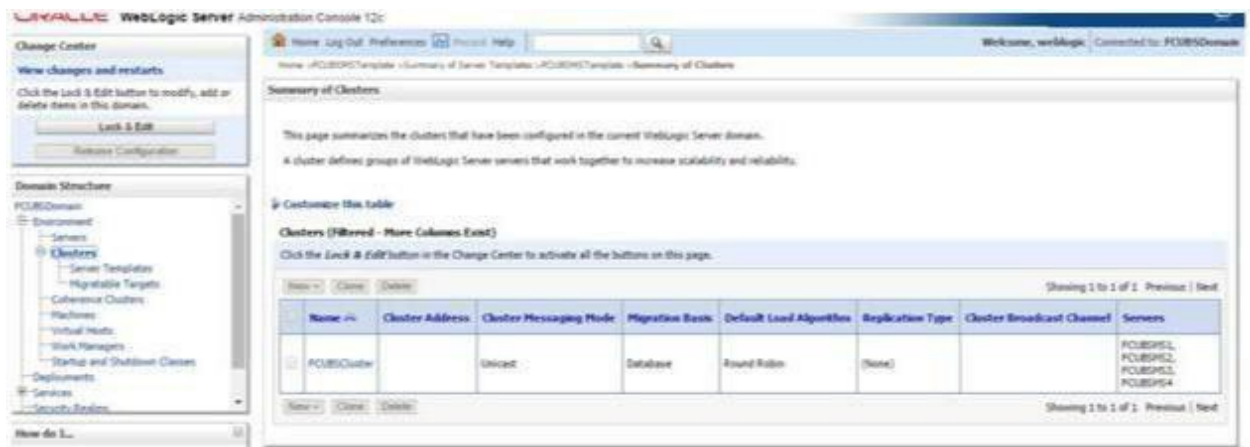
9.2 How to restart node manager?

- 1) Locate node manager pid using `ps -ef|grep weblogic.nodemanager.javaHome`
- 2) Change directory to `$DOMAIN_HOME/bin`
- 3) Kill the unix process using `kill -9 <pid>`
- 4) Verify that the node manager is killed by `tail -f nohup.out`
- 5) Start node manager using `nohup ./startNodeManager.sh &` 6) Verify nodemanager is started using `tail -f nohup.out`

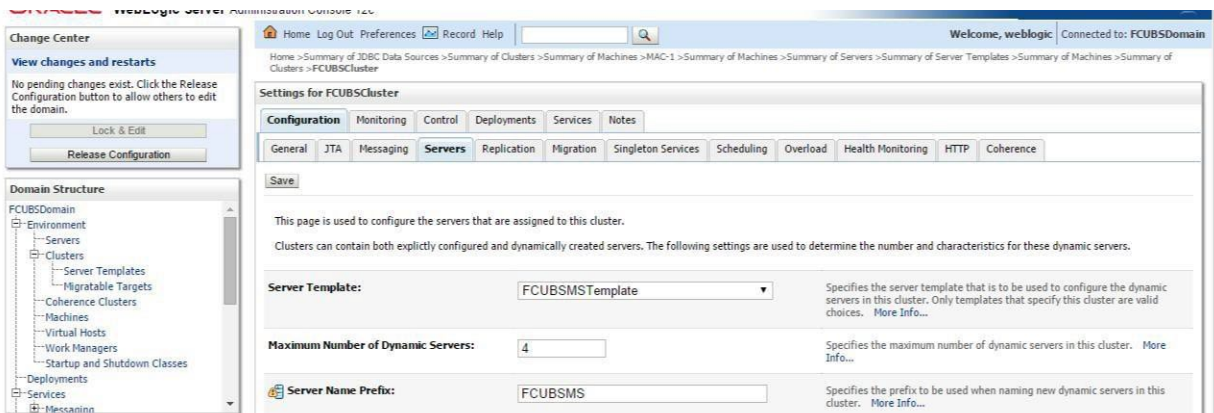
9.3 Scaling Up Dynamic Cluster

When the capacity is insufficient and you need to scale-up, you can add dynamic servers on demand. It requires only a few clicks.

1) Navigate to FCUBSDomain → Environment → Clusters.



2) Click FCUBSCluster → Configuration → Servers tab.



- 3) Change the Maximum Number of Dynamic Servers to: 8 and Click **Save**.

The screenshot shows the Oracle WebLogic Server Administration Console. The left sidebar displays the 'Domain Structure' tree with 'FCUBSCLUSTER' selected. The main panel shows the 'Settings for FCUBSCLUSTER' configuration page. The 'Configuration' tab is active, and the 'Servers' sub-tab is selected. The 'Maximum Number of Dynamic Servers' is set to 8, which is highlighted with a red box. The 'Server Template' is set to 'FCUBSMSTemplate' and the 'Server Name Prefix' is 'FCUBSMS'.

- 4) Activate changes in the Change Center of the Weblogic Console. After activation 4 new Dynamic Servers are added to the Dynamic Cluster.

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Machine	Listen Port
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS1	Dynamic	MAC-1	7101
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS2	Dynamic	MAC-2	7102
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS3	Dynamic	MAC-1	7103
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS4	Dynamic	MAC-2	7104
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS5	Dynamic	MAC-1	7105
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS6	Dynamic	MAC-2	7106
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS7	Dynamic	MAC-1	7107
<input type="checkbox"/>	FCUBSMS8	Dynamic	MAC-2	7108

- 5) Start the 4 new Dynamic Servers and you have doubled you capacity.

9.4 Session Timeout

Session timeouts occur intermittently during load condition. Verify the following:

1. Clock Synchronization: Time across the nodes/machines is same.
2. Session Stickiness in load balancer: Persistence Type in load balancer should be set to SOURCE IP and should not be cookie.

Annexure A – Datasource Parameter Recommendations

For the recommended parameter values for data sources, refer *OBPM-Weblogic-Recommendations*.



Weblogic 12c Middleware Practices
August 2024
Version 14.7.0.0.0

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